NOx RECLAIM WORKING GROUP MEETING

JANUARY 11, 2019 SCAQMD DIAMOND BAR, CA

Agenda

- Landing Rule Updates
 - PR 1118.1
 - PAR 1134
 - PR 1109.1
 - PAR 1110.2
 - PAR 113
- New Source Review
 - Revisit Key Issue #2 Pre-modification PTE calculations

LANDING RULE UPDATES

Command-and-Control BARCT Rulemaking Status

PR 1118.1

Non-Refinery Flares

Adopted January 4,2019



Gas Turbines

- Public Workshop held December 18,
- · Public Hearing: April 2019



Refineries

- Request for Proposal for third party verification of BARCT analysis:
- Governing Board Approval Release December 7, 2018
 Next Working Group Meeting scheduled for January 31, 2019
- · Continuing site visits
- Public Hearing: October 2019

Command-and-Control BARCT Rulemaking Status

PAR 1110.2



Gaseous- and Liquid-Fueled **Engines**

- Sent survey questionnaire
- Staff is conducting site visits, more to be scheduled
 Next Working Group Meeting:
- end of January
- Public Workshop: 1st Quarter 2019
- Public Hearing: September 2019

PR 113



Monitoring, Reporting, and Recordkeeping

- · Integrated MRR requirements for:
- Former RECLAIM
- Possibly non-RECLAIM
- · Initiated preliminary analysis
- Comparing District and Federal requirements
- · Conducted five site visits

UPDATE ON NEW SOURCE REVIEW

Guiding Principles and Areas of General Agreement



Requirements

No **Backsliding**

- New and modified sources in RECLAIM must comply with Rule 2005 - New Source Review for RECLAIM
- New and modified sources outside of RECLAIM must comply with Regulation XIII – New Source Review
 - BACT is required for all new and for modified sources with an emission increase
 - Regulation XIII will apply to the first modification post-RECLAIM
- The transition of a facility from RECLAIM to command-andcontrol is not a NSR event

Key Issue #1 Summary (November 8 Working Group Meeting – Clarifications)

Do ongoing Rule 2005 holding requirements need to be retained?

- Yes, new facilities that were initially permitted after the start of RECLAIM (10/15/93) are required to hold RTCs equal to their PTE year after year
- No future holding requirement for facilities that existed prior to the start of RECLAIM

Should ongoing Rule 2005 requirement be done programmatically or individually by facility?

Programmatic demonstration to show equivalency to the SIP-approved Rule 2005 requirement

Should an ongoing demonstration of an offsetting requirement be made for sources that were permitted during RECLAIM?

• No, RECLAIM NSR has a holding requirement for facilities that were in RECLAIM, but does not have ongoing offsetting requirements

KEY ISSUE #2 REVISITED

Follow-up Information for Key Issue #2

For new sources that are permitted in RECLAIM, what are the offset obligations as facilities transition out of RECLAIM?

○ When and how will a premodification PTE be calculated to determine if an emission increase occurs that triggers NSR requirements after facilities transition out of **RECLAIM?**

How will the **SCAQMD** ensure that sufficient offsets are available to satisfy NSR requirements

Follow-up to Key Issue #2

- Last Working Group Meeting
 - Discussed four categories of permits and pre-modification PTEs
 - Requests made to provide sample calculations
- Staff will focus on the two categories for permits where conversion or calculation of pre-modification PTE is needed (See next slide)

Comparison of Non-RECLAIM and RECLAIM PTEs Over Specific Timeframes

	PTEs Non-RECLAIM	PTEs RECLAIM
Permits issued Pre-1976 (Pre-Regulation XIII NSR)	No PTE	Same
Permits issued 1976-1993 (Post-NSR to Pre-RECLAIM)	PTE in lbs/day	Same
Permits issued Post 1993 (During RECLAIM)		PTE lbs/hour
Permits issued Post 1976 (NOx PTE removed during RECLAIM)		No specified PTE (some cases)

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Various Permit Conditions for Sources in RECLAIM

Issuance of Permit	What is the pre- modification PTE?	Is New Methodology Needed?
Permits issued Pre-1976 (Pre- Regulation XIII NSR	No PTE (Never been subject to NSR)	No, use existing Regulation XIII methodology
Permits issued 1976-1993 (Post- NSR to Pre-RECLAIM		
Permits issued Post 1993 (During RECLAIM)	PTE in lbs/hr	Need methodology to convert pre- modification PTE to lbs/day
Permits issued Post 1976 and NOx PTE removed during RECLAIM	No specified NOx PTE (some cases)	Need methodology to calculate pre- modification PTE to lbs/day

Purpose of the PTE*

- PTE is applied to an individual piece of equipment
- Purpose of calculating a pre-modification PTE is to determine if modification results in an emission increase; if so:
 - BACT;
 - Offset amount; and
 - Modeling
- PTEs are generally calculated at the time of permitting
- PTEs do not represent actual emissions
 - If a post-modification PTE is established in a permit, equipment must operate below that post-modification PTE

*PTE refers to NOx PTE unless otherwise specified

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Framing the Issue – Key Issue #2

- Regulation XIII is SIP-approved Applies to the installation of any new source and to the modification of any existing source
- Under Regulation XIII, a source's existing PTE is evaluated to determine any increase in emissions due to a modification
 - This is the pre-modification PTE
 - New sources have a pre-modification PTE of zero
- New permit PTEs are subtracted from pre-modification PTEs to determine an emission increase:

Post-modification PTE - Pre-modification PTE = Emission Increase?

An emission increase would occur if:

Post-modification PTE > Pre-modification PTE

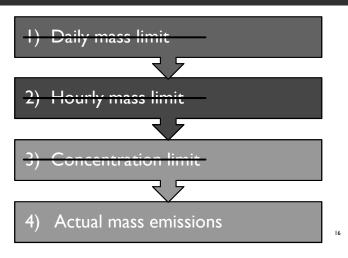
Framing the Issue (continued)

- Regulation XIII calculates emission increases with PTEs in lbs/day
- Not all sources that exit RECLAIM have pre-modification PTEs in lbs/day
- To apply Regulation XIII at time of modification, pre-modification PTEs need to be in lbs/day
 - There are different permit conditions that do not directly translate into lbs/day

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Calculating PTEs Overview

 Hierarchy of methodologies to calculate pre-modification PTE in lbs/day depends on the existing limit on permit



Baseline Calculations (continued)

Permit contains hourly mass limit

Hourly mass rate: 5 lbs/hr

Operational limitation: 8 hours/day

Use hourly mass rate, if no operational limitation, multiply by 24 hours per day

$$5 \frac{lbs}{hr} \times 24 \frac{hr}{day} = 120 \frac{lbs}{day}$$

Use hourly mass rate and multiply by operational limitation

$$5 \frac{lbs}{hr} \times 8 \frac{hr}{day} = 40 \frac{lbs}{day}$$

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Permits without PTEs

No PTE (post- NSR)

- Permits that have had their NOx PTE removed may have other conditions that allow a pre-modification PTE to be calculated
- Large source and process unit permits may only have a NOx concentration limit
- Major sources may not have a concentration limit but have actual emission rates
 - Mass rates based on continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS) data

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Baseline Calculation Examples (continued)

Permit contains NOx concentration limit

NOx concentration limit: 9 ppmv (Use the most stringent concentration limit) Operational limitation: 140 MMBTU/day

Unit capacity: 10 MMBTU/hr

Convert NOx concentration limit to lbs/hr	$9 \frac{parts}{10^6} \times 10 \frac{MMBTU}{hr} \times 8710 \frac{dscf}{MMBTU} \times \frac{20.9}{20.9 - 3.0} \times \frac{46 lbs NOx}{385 scf} = 0.11 \frac{lbs}{hr}$
Calculate the maximum number of hours per day from operational limitation	$140 \frac{MMBTU}{day} \div 10 \frac{MMBTU}{hr} = 14 \frac{hr}{day}$
Multiply mass rate by maximum number of hours per day	$0.11 \frac{lbs}{hr} \times 14 \frac{hr}{day} = 1.54 \frac{lbs}{day}$

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Baseline Calculation Examples (continued)

Permit contains NOx concentration limit

NOx concentration limit: I I ppmv (Use the most stringent concentration limit)

Operational limitation: 5 lbs/day CO

Throughput limit: 0.5 lbs/hr CO

Convert NOx concentration limit to lbs/hr	$11 \frac{parts}{10^6} \times 10 \frac{MMBTU}{hr} \times 8710 \frac{dscf}{MMBTU} \times \frac{20.9}{20.9-3.0} \times \frac{46 lbs NOx}{385 scf} = 0.134 \frac{lbs}{hr}$
Calculate the maximum number of hours per day from CO operational limitation	$5 \frac{lbs}{day} \div 0.5 \frac{lbs}{hr} = 10 \frac{hr}{day}$
Multiply mass rate by maximum number of hours per day	$0.134 \frac{lbs}{hr} \times 10 \frac{hr}{day} = 1.34 \frac{lbs}{day}$

Baseline Calculation Examples (continued)

Permit does not have a concentration limit for any pollutant

CEMS data (maximum hourly mass emissions rate at 50% capacity): 3 lbs/hr Operational limitation: 12 hours/day

Maximum hourly PTE (Prorating to maximum rated capacity) $3 \frac{lbs}{hr} \times \frac{100\%}{50\%} = 6 \frac{lb}{hr}$

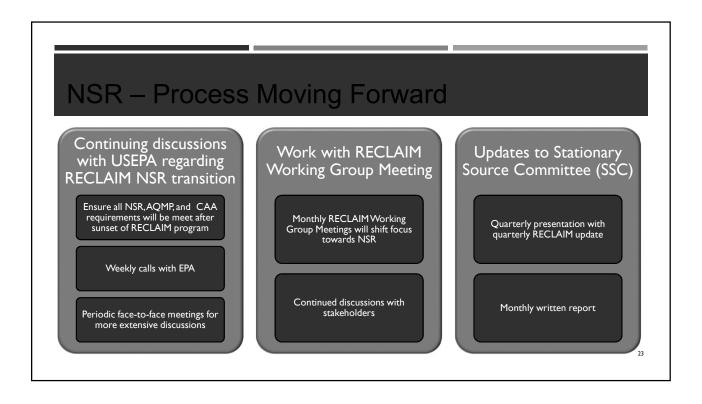
Multiply maximum hourly emissions rate prorated to maximum rated capacity by hours of operation per day

 $6 \frac{lbs}{hr} \times 12 \frac{hr}{day} = 72 \frac{lbs}{day}$

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Summary

- Regulation XIII will apply to the first modification post-RECLAIM
 - The transition of a facility from RECLAIM to command-and-control is not a NSR event
- PTE is applied to an individual piece of equipment
- Purpose of calculating a pre-modification PTE is to determine if modification results in an emission increase
- Pre-modification PTE needs to be calculated in lbs/day
 - Hierarchy of methodologies will be used to calculate
 - Pre-NSR equipment based on existing Regulation XIII approach (2-year average)



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Proposed Amended Rule 1134

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